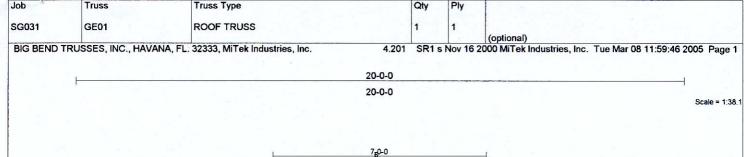
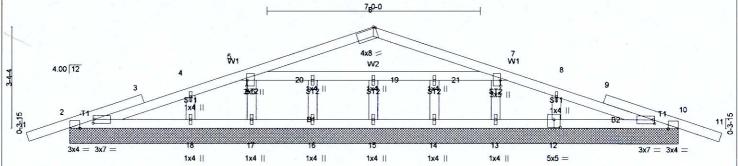
Project: Model:		To: BILL OU 13201 N. M TLH, FL.				Job Pag Da		y List 0031 1 02-24-2005 - 3 sg031 ORDER	
Contact: Site: Name: Phone: Fax:	Office: 893-7551	Deliver To	o: R DIRECTIONS			De Sal	count No: signer: esperson: ote Number:	160740620 SJG Stephen Gasto	n
Tentative Delivery Date: 03/0				la:	Love	DOTE	T		l. 15
Profile:	Qty: Truss Id:	Span:	Truss Type:	Slope:	LOH	ROH			Load By:
	1 GE01 95 lbs. each	20 - 0 - 0	ROOF TRUSS	4.00 0.00	1-4-0	1-4-0			
	1 GE01A 95 lbs. each	20 - 0 - 0	ROOF TRUSS	4.00 0.00	1-4-0	1-4-0			
	6 T1 87 lbs. each	20 - 0 - 0	ATTIC 1 Row Lat Brace	4.00 0.00	c 10 - 0 - 0 1 - 4 - 0	1-4-0			
	6 T12 76 lbs. each	20 - 0 - 0	ROOF TRUSS	4.00 2.50	1-4-0	1-4-0			
	MISC	. ITEMS							
	Quantit	y: Descript	ion:						
	-1	WINDL	OAD ANALYSIS						
	2	LOUVE	RED VENTS 4/12	? - 6'					
Above listed items have been to right).	received in good condition. (e	exceptions listed							
Received by:	4 1	81 11			4				
Date:									
Thank You for your Business.									





-	20-0-0	
	20-0-0	8
1-4-0	20-0-0	1-4-0

Plate Offsets (X,Y): [2:0-0-8,0-1-8], [2:0-5-12,Edge], [5:0-0-4,0-2-4], [6:0-0-11,0-0-8], [7:0-0-4,0-2-4], [10:0-5-12,Edge], [10:0-0-8,0-1-8], [12:0-2-8,0-3-0]

LOADING (psf	SPACING	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25	TC	0.39	Vert(LL)	n/a		n/a	MII20	249/190	
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increas	e 1.25	BC	0.08	Vert(TL)	0.01	1	>999			
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.13	Horz(TĹ)	0.00	10	n/a			
BCDL 10.0	Code SB0	C/SBCCI	(Mat	rix)	1st LC LL	Min I/de	fl = 36	0	Weight: 95 lb		

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2
WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3
OTHERS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=266/20-0-0, 12=234/20-0-0, 15=34/20-0-0, 16=47/20-0-0, 17=316/20-0-0, 18=236/20-0-0, 14=48/20-0-0, 13=314/20-0-0, 10=270/20-0-0 Max Horz 2=-119(load case 5)

Max Uplift2=-243(load case 2), 12=-105(load case 3), 17=-263(load case 4), 18=-104(load case 2), 13=-248(load case 3), 10=-256(load case 3)

Max Grav 2=266(load case 1), 12=234(load case 1), 15=36(load case 6), 16=47(load case 1), 17=316(load case 1), 18=236(load case 1), 14=48(load case 1), 13=314(load case 1), 10=270(load case 1)

FORCES (lb) - First Load Case Only

TOP CHORD 1-2=25, 2-3=-136, 3-4=-100, 4-5=-121, 5-6=-471, 6-7=-471, 7-8=-121, 8-9=-113, 9-10=-148, 10-11=25

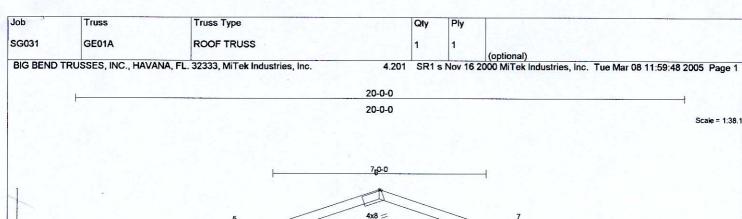
BOT CHORD 2-18=106, 17-18=106, 16-17=32, 15-16=32, 14-15=32, 13-14=32, 12-13=106, 10-12=118

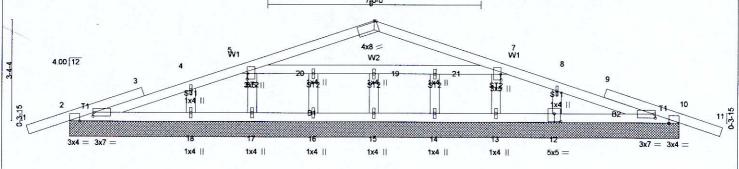
WEBS 15-19=3, 16-20=-2, 5-17=-303, 4-18=-156, 14-21=-2, 7-13=-303, 8-12=-154, 5-20=376, 19-20=376, 19-21=376, 7-21=376

NOTES

1) This truss has been checked for unbalanced loading conditions.

- 2) This truss has been designed for the wind loads generated by 110 mph winds at 18 ft above ground level, using 5.0 psf top chord dead load and 5.0 psf bottom chord dead load, in the gable end roof zone on an occupancy category II, condition I enclosed building, with exposure C ASCE 7-98 per SBC/SBCCI If end verticals exist, they are not exposed to wind. If cantilevers exist, they are exposed to wind. If porches exist, they are not exposed to wind. The lumber DOL increase is 1.33, and the plate grip increase is 1.33.
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see MiTek "Standard Gable End Detail"
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) One HCDP Hughes connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to uplift at jt(s) 2, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 14, 13, and 10.
- 7) This truss has been designed for both TPI-85 and ANSI/TPI 1-1995 plating criteria.





20-0-0 20-0-0 1-4-0 Plate Offsets (X Y): [2:0-0-8.0-1-8]. [2:0-5-12 Edge]. [5:0-0-4 0-2-4]. [6:0-0-11 0-0-8]. [7:0-0-4 0-2-4]. [10:0-5-12 Edge]. [10:0-0-8.0-1-8]. [12:0-2-8.0-3.0]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING 2-0-0	CSI	DEFL in (loc) I/defl	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.25	TC 0.39	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a	MII20 249/190
FCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	BC 0.08	Vert(TL) 0.01 1 >999	
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.13	Horz(TL) 0.00 10 n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code SBC/SBCCI	(Matrix)	1st LC LL Min I/defl = 360	Weight: 95 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3 OTHERS 2 X 4 SYP No.3

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=266/20-0-0, 12=234/20-0-0, 15=34/20-0-0, 16=47/20-0-0, 17=316/20-0-0, 18=236/20-0-0, 14=48/20-0-0, 13=314/20-0-0, 10=270/20-0-0

Max Horz 2=-119(load case 5)

Max Uplift2=-243(load case 2), 12=-105(load case 3), 17=-263(load case 4), 18=-104(load case 2), 13=-248(load case 3), 10=-256(load case 3)

Max Grav 2=266(load case 1), 12=234(load case 1), 15=36(load case 6), 16=47(load case 1), 17=316(load case 1), 18=236(load case 1), 14=48(load case 1), 13=314(load case 1), 10=270(load case 1)

FORCES (lb) - First Load Case Only

TOP CHORD 1-2=25, 2-3=-136, 3-4=-100, 4-5=-121, 5-6=-471, 6-7=-471, 7-8=-121, 8-9=-113, 9-10=-148, 10-11=25

BOT CHORD 2-18=106, 17-18=106, 16-17=32, 15-16=32, 14-15=32, 13-14=32, 12-13=106, 10-12=118

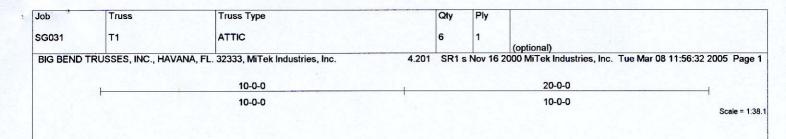
WEBS 15-19=3, 16-20=-2, 5-17=-303, 4-18=-156, 14-21=-2, 7-13=-303, 8-12=-154, 5-20=376, 19-20=376, 19-21=376,

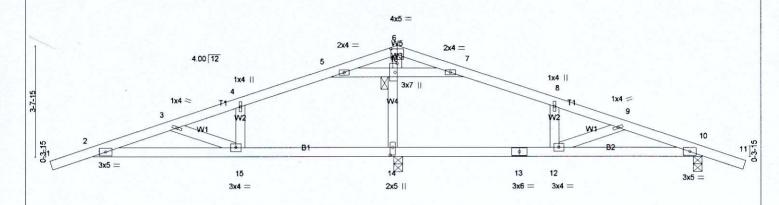
7-21=376

NOTES

1) This truss has been checked for unbalanced loading conditions.

- 2) This truss has been designed for the wind loads generated by 110 mph winds at 18 ft above ground level, using 5.0 psf top chord dead load and 5.0 psf bottom chord dead load, in the gable end roof zone on an occupancy category II, condition I enclosed building, with exposure C ASCE 7-98 per SBC/SBCCI. If end verticals exist, they are not exposed to wind. If cantilevers exist, they are exposed to wind. If porches exist, they are not exposed to wind. The lumber DOL increase is 1.33, and the plate grip increase is 1.33.
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see MiTek "Standard Gable End Detail"
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) One HCDP Hughes connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to uplift at jt(s) 2, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 14, 13, and
- 7) This truss has been designed for both TPI-85 and ANSI/TPI 1-1995 plating criteria.





	20-0-0 20-0-0	
	20-0-0	
1-4-0	20-0-0	1-4-0

Plate Offsets (X,Y): [6:0-2-8,0-2-4], [14:0-1-0,0-3-0], [16:0-0-14,0-3-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING 2-0-0	CSI	DEFL in (loc) I/defl	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.25	TC 0.97	Vert(LL) 0.47 2-15 >254	MII20 249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.25	BC 0.66	Vert(TL) -0.44 2-15 >266	
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.36	Horz(TL) 0.02 10 n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code SBC/SBCCI	(Matrix)	1st LC LL Min I/defl = 360	Weight: 87 lb

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.1 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.1 WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3 *Except* W3 2 X 4 SYP No.2

BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 4-8-1 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-0-15 oc bracing.

REACTIONS (lb/size) 10=31/0-3-8, 14=2364/0-3-8

Max Horz 14=129(load case 4)

Max Uplift10=-245(load case 5), 14=-1170(load case 2) Max Grav 10=354(load case 4), 14=2364(load case 1)

FORCES (lb) - First Load Case Only

TOP CHORD 1-2=25, 2-3=587, 3-4=1172, 4-5=1335, 5-6=2901, 6-7=2747, 7-8=1279, 8-9=1114, 9-10=494, 10-11=25

BOT CHORD 2-15=-505, 14-15=-1159, 13-14=-1110, 12-13=-1110, 10-12=-411

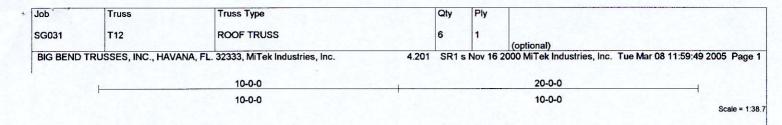
WEBS 5-16=-1630, 7-16=-1519, 4-15=276, 8-12=286, 3-15=-698, 9-12=-746, 6-16=-1627, 14-16=-1824

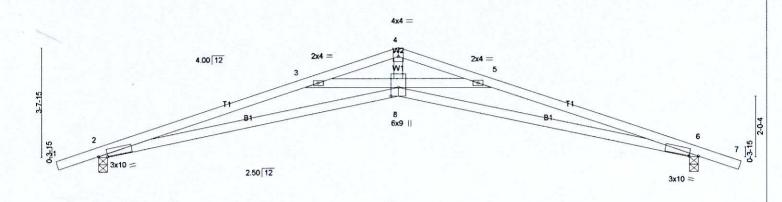
NOTES

1) This truss has been checked for unbalanced loading conditions.

- 2) This truss has been designed for the wind loads generated by 110 mph winds at 18 ft above ground level, using 5.0 psf top chord dead load and 5.0 psf bottom chord dead load, in the gable end roof zone on an occupancy category II, condition I enclosed building, with exposure C ASCE 7-98 per SBC/SBCCI If end verticals exist, they are not exposed to wind. If cantilevers exist, they are exposed to wind. If porches exist, they are not exposed to wind. The lumber DOL increase is 1.33, and the plate grip increase is 1.33.
- 3) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 4-5, 7-8, 5-16, 7-16
- 4) Bottom chord live load (20.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (0.0 psf) applied only to room. 14-15, 12-14
- 5) One HCDP Hughes connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to uplift at jt(s) 10.
- 6) Three HCDP Hughes connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to uplift at jt(s) 14.

7) This truss has been designed for both TPI-85 and ANSI/TPI 1-1995 plating criteria.





1-4-0						20-0-0	4 7				1-4-0
Plate Offsets (X,Y):	[2:0-3-10,0-0-12], [6:0-3-	10,0-0-12],	[8:0-3-	0,0-3-	8]						
LOADING (psf)	SPACING	2-0-0		CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase	1.25		TC	0.63	Vert(LL)	0.54	2-8	>437	MII20	249/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase	1.25		BC	0.95	Vert(TL)	-0.80	2-8	>295		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	1	WB	0.58	Horz(TL)	0.42	6	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code SBC/S	SBCCI		(Matr	rix)	1st LC LL	Min I/de	fl = 36	0	Weight: 77 lb	

LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2 BOT CHORD 2 X 4 SYP No.2D WEBS 2 X 4 SYP No.3 BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 2-8-11 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 4-7-8 oc bracing.

20-0-0

REACTIONS (lb/size) 2=880/0-3-8, 6=880/0-3-8

Max Horz 2=127(load case 4)

Max Uplift2=-551(load case 2), 6=-551(load case 3)

FORCES (lb) - First Load Case Only

TOP CHORD 1-2=23, 2-3=-3847, 3-4=-3117, 4-5=-3117, 5-6=-3847, 6-7=23

BOT CHORD 2-8=3668, 6-8=3668

WEBS 3-8=-649, 5-8=-649, 4-8=1810

NOTES

1) This truss has been checked for unbalanced loading conditions.

- 2) This truss has been designed for the wind loads generated by 110 mph winds at 18 ft above ground level, using 5.0 psf top chord dead load and 5.0 psf bottom chord dead load, in the gable end roof zone on an occupancy category II, condition I enclosed building, with exposure C ASCE 7-98 per SBC/SBCCI If end verticals exist, they are not exposed to wind. If cantilevers exist, they are posed to wind. If porches exist, they are not exposed to wind. The lumber DOL increase is 1.33, and the plate grip increase is 1.33.
- 3) Bearing at joint(s) 2, 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1-1995 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 4) One RT7 USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to uplift at jt(s) 2 and 6.

10-0-0

5) This truss has been designed for both TPI-85 and ANSI/TPI 1-1995 plating criteria.

